

SECOND YEAR HIGHER SECONDARY EXAMINATION MARCH 2019

SUBJECT : GEOGRAPHY



CODE. NO: SY 37

Qn No	Sub Qns	Answer Key/Value Points	Score	Total
1.		d. capability approach	1	1
2.		Public sector	1	1
3.		Air pollution	1	1
4.		Digital divide	1	1
5.		c. Telephone	1	1
6.		Human development/human empowerment	1	1
7.		* uses local raw material * use simple power driven machines * employs semi-skilled labourers * any other relevant points (any two)		2
8.	(a) Austro (b) Dravidian (c) Tibeto-myanmari (d) Indo-aryan			2
9.		In possibilism man has active role/ modifies the environment In Neo-determinism man and nature are equally important / development possible only by keeping the laws of nature	1 1	2
10.		to improve backwardness of hilly areas to utilize the natural resources of hill areas through - horticulture - plantation agriculture - animal husbandary - village industries (any two)		2

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11.		Rourkela — odisha Bhilai — chhattisgarh Durgapur — west bengal Visweswaraaya — Karnataka	$\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$	2
12.		* increase in fluoride concentration in ground water * increase in the concentration of arsenic in ground water * lowering of water table * intrusion of salt water (any two)		2
13.		* Spreading of new ideas and technology * intermixing of people with different cultures * evolution of anti-social activities * any relevant point (any two)		2
14.		* sets the rules for global trading system * Resolves disparities between its member countries * WTO covers trade in services such as communication, banking etc. * any other relevant point (any 2)		2
15.	A	Expanding population triangular shaped pyramid typical of less developed countries larger proportion of lower age group High birth rate	$\frac{1}{2}$ 	

	B.	Declining / Constant population narrow base and tapered top pyramid found in economically developed countries population growth is zero or negative	$\frac{1}{2}$ 1	3
16.		Broad gauge - 1.67 m wide Meter gauge - 1.00 m wide Narrow gauge - 0.61 - 0.76 m wide	$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$	3
17.		* Sugar Industry  HSSLive.IN * Second largest agro based industry * located in sugarcane growing areas * Maharashtra is the leading producer * any other relevant points (any two)	1 2	3
18.	A. B. C.	A. Aligarh - Education town Starting as centres of education B. Timpatti - Religious / pilgrim town developed as religious / cultural centres C. Mussoorie - Tourist town / Hill Station Centres of tourism activity	1 1 1	3
19.		* Equity * Sustainability * Productivity * Empowerment explaining each any one	$\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ 1	3
20.		* Climate * Landscape * History and Art * Culture and Economy explaining any one	$\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ 1	3

21,		Access to market — determined the demand for goods and purchasing power of people / any other relevant point Access to raw material — wait loading raw material using industries are located near to their sources / any other relevant point Access to labour supply — industries requiring skilled labour are located in particular areas / any other relevant points	1	3
22,		1901-1921 Period of Stagnant growth rate population growth was very low Negative growth rate during 1911-1921 High birthrate and high death rate Poor health and medical services other relevant points (any 3) OR  HSSLIVE.IN Steady growth rate 1921-1951 (any three relevant points)		3,
23,		Panama Canal * Connects Atlantic ocean and Pacific ocean * Connects Panama city Colon in U.S. * Total length 72 km * Shortens distance between New York and San Francisco (any 3)	1	3
24,	A	Immigration — Migrants who move into a new place	1	

	B. Emigration - migrants who move out of a place	1	
	C. Push factor - Make the place of origin seem as less attractive	1	
	D. Pull factor - Make the place of destination seem more attractive	1	4
25.	Nuclear energy in India * Uranium and Thorium raw material * Atomic energy Commission - in 1948 * Progress achieved after BARC formation (any 2) * any 4 nuclear power stations	2 2	4
26.	* water supply * Land - upland * Building material * Defence * Planned settlements (any 4) To explain any two	2 2	4
27.	Nomadic herding / Pastoral Nomadism * primitive subsistence activity * herders depends on animals for food, clothing, transport etc. * Seasonal migration of nomads with animals - to find pasture * any two regions - Arabian peninsula, Mongolia, China (any 3) Commercial livestock rearing/ranching * organised and Capital intensive activity. * Practised in permanent ranches * one type of animal is reared in a	3	3

Particular region.
 * Animal rearing is organised on scientific manner.
 * Any two Areas - New Zealand, Australia etc.
 (Any 3)

3

3

28.

Cotton

- * tropical crop
- * Kharif Season
- * grows short / long staple
- * Ranks 4th in production
- * important states - Maharashtra, Gujarat, Rajasthan, Punjab, Haryana, T.N etc
 (any two)

2

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- * used for making cloth, bags etc
- * India - leading producer
- * Hooghly basin of West Bengal - important area
- * other areas - Bihar, Assam etc.
 (any 2)

1

2

6

29

- (a) Neyveli
- (b) Jaipur / Jodhpur
- (c) Kozhikode
- (d) Haldia
- (e) Rajasthan
- (f) Bihar / Rajasthan
- locating each ($\frac{1}{2} \times 6$)

$\frac{1}{2}$

$\frac{1}{2}$

$\frac{1}{2}$

$\frac{1}{2}$

$\frac{1}{2}$

$\frac{1}{2}$

3

6

06/06

