## **ANSWER KEY**

## SECOND YEAR HIGHER SECONDARY EXAMINATION MARCH 2023 BUSINESS STUDIES

Max.Score:80

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Answer any 8 questions from 1 to 10. 1 Score each  (a) Efficiency (c) Motion study (b)Single Use Plans (b) Divisional Structure (c) Recruitment (a) Financial Incentives (c) Controlling	1 1 1 1 1 1	0-1-0
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	<ul> <li>(a) Efficiency</li> <li>(c) Motion study</li> <li>(b)Single Use Plans</li> <li>(b) Divisional Structure</li> <li>(c) Recruitment</li> <li>(a) Financial Incentives</li> </ul>	1 1 1 1	0-1-0
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	<ul><li>(c) Motion study</li><li>(b)Single Use Plans</li><li>(b) Divisional Structure</li><li>(c) Recruitment</li><li>(a) Financial Incentives</li></ul>	1 1 1 1	0-1-0
3 4 5 6 7 8	<ul><li>(b) Single Use Plans</li><li>(b) Divisional Structure</li><li>(c) Recruitment</li><li>(a) Financial Incentives</li></ul>	1 1 1	0-1 0
4 5 6 7 8	<ul><li>(b) Divisional Structure</li><li>(c) Recruitment</li><li>(a) Financial Incentives</li></ul>	1 1	0_1 0
5 6 7 8	(c) Recruitment (a) Financial Incentives	1	0-1 0
6 7 8	(a) Financial Incentives	1	8x1 = 8
7 8		-	
		1	
	(b) Financing decision	1	
3	(a) Price	1	
10	(b)National Commission	1	
	Answer any 5 questions from 11 to 16. 2 Score each		
11	Management is the process of getting things done through others	2	
	with the objective of achieving desired common goals effectively and efficiently. It is a continuous process.		
	(Any other meaningful explanation)		
12.	Privatisation and Globalisation	2x1	
13	Management prepare plans for the future, which is uncertain.		
	Therefore they develop the plans on the basis of some		5X2=10
	assumptions about the future. These assumptions are called	2	
	planning premises. Assumptions are the base material upon which		
1.1	plans are to be drawn.		
14	Formal organisation refers to the organisation structure which is		
	designed by the management to accomplish a particular task. It		
	clearly specifies the boundaries of authority and responsibility of		
	the employees. (Any other meaningful explanation)		
	(Any other meaningful explanation)		
15	1) Supervision 2) Motivation 3) Leadership 4) Communication	4x1/2	
16	1 Setting performance standards 2 Measurement of actual		
10	0 1	4x1/2	
		121.1/4	
	( )		
		6 1.Setting performance standards 2. Measurement of actual	1.Setting performance standards 2. Measurement of actual performance 3. Comparison of actual performance with standards 4x1/2 4. Analysing deviations 5. Taking corrective action

III		Answer any 5 questions from 17 to 22. 3 Score each		
	17	Techniques of Scientific Management: a) Functional Foremanship: b) Standardisation and Simplification of Work c) Differential piece Wage System d) Time study e) Method study f) Motion study g) Fatigue study (Any three with brief explanation 1 score each. For points only half each, max 1. 1/2)	3	
	18	Elements/ Aspects of Staffing a) Recruitment b) Selection c) Training and developments (With explanation 1 each ,for points only 1/2 each, max 1 1/2)	3	5x3=1
	19	Features of Directing a) Directing initiates action b) Directing takes place at every level of management c) Directing is a continuous process d) Directing flows from top to bottom (Any 3 points with explanation 1 each, for points only 1/2 each)	3	
	20	(i) Accomplishing organisational goals cemy (ii) Judging accuracy of standards idance for Youth (iii) Making efficient use of resources (iv) Improving employee motivation (v) Ensuring order and discipline (vi) Facilitating coordination in action  (Any 3 points with explanation 1 each, for points only 1/2 each max 1 1/2)	3	
	21	Finance is required for buying variety of assets and running day to day operations of the business. Availability of adequate fund is essential for the functioning of the business. Without finance neither any business can be started nor successfully run. That is why finance is called the life blood of the business.  (Any meaningful explanation on finance)	3	
	22	Brand: A brand is the identification of a product it can be in the form of name, symbol or both etc.Eg Nike,Close-up,Pepsi etc. Trade Mark: Registered brand is called Trade Mark. All trademarks are brands but only legally protected brands are called trademarks.  (Any meaningful explanation on brand and trade mark)	3	

						Tries.	
IV	23	Answer any 4 questions from 23 to 27. 4 Score each  (i) Interpret the policies framed by top management, (ii) Ensure that their department has the necessary personnel, (iii) Assign necessary duties and responsibilities to them, (iv) Motivate them to achieve desired objectives, (v) Cooperate with other departments for smooth functioning of the organisation				4	4x4=16
	24						
		- Inflation Date	A	(iii) Ea	B anomia Environment		
		a. Inflation Rate		(iii) Economic Environment			
		b. Customs and			cial Environment		
		c. Scientific In	_	1	chnological Environment		
		d. Ideology of	the Government	(i) Pol	itical Environment		
	25						
		Basis	Functional Struct	ire	Divisional Structure	4	
		Formation		basis			
		Specialisation	function utstanding Gui Functional specia	dance lisation	for Youth Product specialisation	4	
		Responsibility	Difficult to fix on department	a	Easy to fix responsibility for performance		
		Managerial Development	Difficult, as each functional manage has to report to the management		Easier, autonomy as well as the chance to perform multiple functions helps in managerial development		
		Cost	Less cost		Costly		
		Coordination	Difficult for a murproduct company.		Easy, because all functions related to a particular product are integrated in one department		
		(Any Four differences)					
	26	Factors affecting requirement of Fixed Capital  1. Nature of business, 2. Scale of operations, 3. Technique of production, 4. Growth prospects, 5. Diversification,  6. Technology up gradation, 7. Financing alternatives, 8. Level of collaboration \  (Any 4 points with explanation, for points only 1/2 each, max 2					

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	27	Consumer Rights: 1. Right to safety, 2. Right to be informed, 3. Right to Choose, 4. Right to be Heard, 5. Right to seek Redressal, 6. Right to Consumer Education (Any 4 points with explanation, points only 1/2 each, max 2)	4	
V	28	Answer any 3 questions from 28 to 31. 5 Score each Henry Fayol's 14 Principles of Management (i) Division of Work, (ii) Authority and Responsibility, (iii) Discipline, (iv) Unity of Command, (v) Unity of Direction, (vi) Subordination of Individual Interest to General Interest, (vii) Remuneration of Employees, (viii)Centralisation and Decentralisation, (ix) Scalar Chain, (x) Order, xi) Equity, (xii) Stability of Personnel, (xiii)Initiative, (xiv) Espirit De Corps	5	3X5=15
	29	(Any 5 points with explanation 1 score each, points only 1/2, max 2. 1/2)  Features of Planning (i) Planning focuses on achieving objectives (ii) Planning is a primary function of management		
		(iii) Planning is pervasive (iv) Planning is continuous (v) Planning is futuristiding Guidance for Youth (vi) Planning involves decision making (vii) Planning is a mental exercise (Any 5 points with explanation 1 score each, max 2.5)	5	
	30	Factors affecting Dividend Decision (a) Amount of Earnings, b) Stability Earnings, (c) Stability of Dividends, (d) Growth Opportunities, (e) Cash Flow Position, (f) Shareholders' Preference, (g) Taxation Policy, (h)Stock Market Reaction, (i) Access to Capital Market, (j) Legal Constraints, (k) Contractual Constraints (Any 5 points with explanation1 each, max 2.1/2) For Points My	5	
	31	Sales Promotion Techniques 1. Sampling, 2. Rebate, 3. Discount, 4. Refund, 5. Contests 6. Lucky draw, 7. Quantity gift, 8. Product combinations, 9.assigned gift, 10.usable benifits, 11. full finance@ 0 % interest.  (Any 5 with explanation 1 each, for points only 1/2 each, max 2.1/2)	5	
VI	32	Answer any 2 questions from 32 to 34. 8 Score each Steps in Staffing (Staffing Process)  1. Estimating the Manpower Requirements 2. Recruitment	8	

